

In his State of the Union address, President Biden made the case for requiring the majority of materials on federally funded infrastructure programs to be American made. This directive would benefit American companies and workers, drive domestic growth and create more American jobs. It would also decrease emissions via reduced transportation distances, and potentially revitalize locations decimated by the loss of manufacturing jobs over the past few decades. Despite these benefits, the order is not without its challenges and risks, both to federal contractors and government procurement officials. Critics debate whether or not American industry can even supply materials at demanded quantities, question what this means for North American trading partners and are concerned about cost implications associated with the plan.

## **Actions for Federal Contractors**

For federal contractors, the order will require additional oversight to certify compliance with the new policy. Compliance requirements are not new, but the order adds another level of complexity to executing federally funded infrastructure programs. A&M recommends contractors take the following steps to remain compliant with the new order:

- 1. **Conduct a comprehensive supply chain assessment.** Contractors need to assess current suppliers to identify those that will need to be replaced to ensure compliance. This effort should include all levels of the supply chain as even a single component being made elsewhere will run afoul of this rule.
- Identify and vet replacement suppliers before signing new agreements. Contractors will need their suppliers
  to change sources to American made if they are currently not compliant and replace any supplier who cannot
  meet the American made requirement. Vetting prior to signing new agreements reduces sourcing rework later to
  remain compliant.
- 3. **Implement continuous monitoring.** Compliance will require continual assessment of primary, secondary and even tertiary suppliers. Contractors need repeatable and efficient processes to perform this function and ensure that applicable raw materials are sourced from US-based suppliers.
- 4. Continually assess the market. America has long been the world's leading innovator and continues to develop new materials and technology. Contractors should monitor market developments to identify better and more economical materials for federally funded infrastructure programs. Doing so will help government contractors gain a competitive advantage through compliance and position as a leading provider in partnership with government and its infrastructure programs.

## **Actions for Government Agencies**

The new directive increases costs and shrinks the pool of compliant suppliers for federal organizations; however, it also presents a platform by which new entrants can more quickly assume prime or subcontractor roles previously held by non-

American made incumbents. Federal agencies such as the Department of Defense (DoD) want to grow an innovative industrial base with a competitive pool of qualified vendors. This order will help federal organizations accelerate those goals if managed correctly. A&M recommends agencies take these actions to positively impact their mission:

- Build flexibility into requirements to make room for innovation. Crafting requirements with flexibility will allow
  contractors to propose innovative building techniques that still achieve infrastructure outcomes. Engaging with
  both traditional and non-traditional businesses will create a more robust understanding of the market and
  available materials.
- 2. Name a single agency to lead government-wide infrastructure materials acquisitions. The federal government should use its immense buying power to strategically source materials under the new rule. Doing so would blunt the impact of increased prices.
- 3. Employ decreased shipping and intermediary costs as leverage. Agencies should require price transparency and use that information to negotiate better terms with regards to costs and lead time. While raw material and manufacturing costs will likely increase, sourcing closer to home should offset some portion of the increases. Procurement officials should use that knowledge in negotiations.

Contact us today to get started.

## **KEY CONTACTS**



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